Prosthodontic Diagnostic Index(PDI) Classification System						
Prosthodontic Diagnosti Complete Edentulism Ch						
Complete Edentarism of	CORIIST		Class I	Class II	Class III	Class IV
Bone Height-Mandibular			Class I	Class II	Ciass III	Class IV
Bone neight-Mandibular	21 mm or greater					
	16-20 mm					
	11-15 mm					
	10 mm or less					
Ridge Morphology-Maxilla						
	Type A-resists vertical & horizontal, hamular notch, no tori					
	Type B-no buc vest, poor hamular notch no tori					
	Type C-no ant vest,	Type C-no ant vest, min support, mobile ant ridge				
	Type D-no ant/post	vest, tori,redundant tissue				
Muscle Attachments-Mandibular						
	Type A-adequate at					
	- 71	Type B-no b attach mucosa (22-27), +mentalis m				
	Type C-no ant b&l vest (22-27), +genio & mentalis m					
	Type D-att mucosa i	, ,				
	Type E-no att mucosa, cheek/lip moves tongue					
Maxillomandibular Relationsh	-					
	Class I					
	Class II					ļ
Can distante Danisiano Danisa	Class III	T				
Conditions Requiring Prepros						
	Minor soft tissue procedures Minor hard tissue procedures					
	Implants - simple					
	Implants vith bone graft - complex					
	Correction of dentofacial deformities					
	Hard tissue augmen					
	Major soft tissue revisions					
Limited Interarch Space	That sold documents					
	18-20 mm					
		Surgical correction needed				
Tongue Anatomy	-					
	Large (occludes inte	rdental space)				
	Hyperactive- with re					
Modifiers						
	Oral manifestation of	f systemic disease				
	Mild					
	Moderate					
	Severe					
	Psychosocial	Moderate				
	Severe					
	TMD Symptoms					
	·	Hx of paresthesia or dysesthesia				
	Maxillofacial defects					
	Ataxia	Refractory Patient				
	INGII AUGUI Y FALIGIIL					
ICD-9-CM Diagnostic Codes			525.41	525.42	525.43	525.44
Guidelines for use of the worksheet						
1 Any single criterion of a	more complex ele	es places the nationt into the more	complex class	•		
1. Any single criterion of a more complex class places the patient into the more complex class.						
2. Initial preprosthetic treatment and/or adjunctive therapy can change the initial classification level.						
3. In the situation where the patient presents with an edentulous maxilla opposing a partially						
edentulous mandible, e	ach arch is diagno	sed with the appropriate classifica	ition system.			

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